

Meden School Curriculum Planning							
Subject	English Literature	Year Group	13	Sequence No.	4	Topic	Elements of Crime

Retrieval	Core Knowledge	Student Thinking
What do teachers need <b>retrieve</b> from students before they start teaching <b>new content</b> ?	What <b>specific ambitious knowledge</b> do teachers need teach students in this sequence of learning?	What real life examples can be applied to this sequence of learning to <b>development of our students thinking, encouraging them to see the inequalities around them</b> and 'do something about them!'
<p><b><u>Week 1</u></b> The class system (draw on knowledge of An Inspector Calls) Pre/ post war attitudes to class How the first world war changed society Patriarchy Key quotations (Part 1)</p> <p><b><u>Week 2</u></b> Elements of crime – retrieval quiz on key elements (given out last week) Key word retrieval – epigraph/ elitism Key quotations (Part 1)</p>	<p><b><u>Week 1</u></b> Lesson 1 – Context – McEwan’s biography/ setting/ epigraph – What is the importance of the epigraph? (Austen/ Northanger Abbey) Lesson 2 - Context – Social Class Lesson 3 – students collectively prepare essay question focusing on Robbie Turner <b>How does social class impact on the character of Robbie Turner? How is it a key aspect of the crime in the novel? Why is Robbie the immediate suspect?</b></p> <p><b><u>Week 2</u></b> Lesson 1 – Narrative structure in ‘Atonement’* (AQA Authorial methods focus)</p>	<p>Gender inequality – links to gender pay gap, leadership roles in all sectors, impact of gender inequality on men and women (suicide rates in men, power imbalance)</p> <p>Patriarchy – assertion of power, origin of the social construct, how it plays a role in today’s societal structures, examples of the patriarchy today: marriage norms and expectations, the impact of the patriarchy upon men and women.</p> <p>Misogyny – examples of misogyny in the media</p>

<p><b><u>Week 3</u></b> Retrieval quiz on authorial methods – e.g. unreliable narrator/ effect of 3<sup>rd</sup> person narrator/episodic novel/ epistolary structure Key quotations from Part 1</p> <p><b><u>Week 4</u></b> Retrieval of key elements of crime Key words: guilt/ responsibility/ forgiveness/ penance Key quotations from Part 2</p> <p><b><u>Week 5</u></b> Retrieval of authorial methods</p>	<p>Lesson 2 – Focus on Briony’s characterisation (unreliable narrator) Lesson 3 – Briony’s search for redemption (Nursing Part 3) <b>How far can we rely on Briony’s narration of the novel? Do we, as a reader, trust her version of events?</b></p> <p><b><u>Week 3</u></b> Lesson 1 – Debate lesson – preparation – focus on the fantasy aspect of Briony/ imagination/ link to unreliable narrator Lesson 2 – Debate lesson – preparation – focus on the crime – What is/ are Briony’s specific crimes? Lesson 3 – Debate delivery/ essay planning – combine students’ debate surrounding the key question with preparation for a class debate.</p> <p><b>“Briony Tallis is merely a child with a tendency towards fantasy. She cannot be blamed for the crime she committed.”</b></p> <p><b><u>Week 4</u></b> Lesson 1 – Critics’ views/ Extract focus – Emily Tallis – How can it be argued that Emily Tallis is responsible for her daughter’s crime? Lesson 2 – Cecilia (focus on part 1) – The fountain scene/ motif of water/ Robbie and Ceilia relationship. Key extract focus on the fountain scene – How does this event foreshadow the tragedy? Lesson 3 – Cecilia (focus on part 3) – Focus on Cecilia – focus on forgiveness. <b>Does Cecilia forgive Briony for her crime?</b> Extract focus on characters’ roles/ reactions.</p>	<p>Injustice – morals and laws, links to the PD curriculum.</p> <p>Morality – morality and the law, how laws have changed over time, examples (homosexuality, age of consent laws)</p> <p>War/ conflict – links to modern conflicts and the impact of these</p>
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<p>Quotation retrieval (Part 2) Motif of water retrieval</p> <p><b><u>Week 6</u></b> Retrieval of key elements of crime Retrieval of key words: Villain, archetype, antagonist, victim (draws on myths and legends unit from Y7) Quotation retrieval (Part 3)</p> <p><b><u>Week 7</u></b></p>	<p><b><u>Week 5</u></b> Lesson 1 – The villain – Paul Marshall – key extract focus (Part 1 nursery with Lola/ Part 4 Briony’s view of Lola and Paul). <b>How does McEwan present Marshall as the villain? How/ why does he escape justice?</b> Lesson 2 – The rape of Lola/ Robbie Turner <b>How is Robbie Turner presented as the villain after the rape of Lola?</b> Lesson 3 – Section C Villain - <b>‘Is the villain always easy to identify in the texts that you have studied?’</b> Begin to incorporate ROAM and ‘The Murder of Roger Ackroyd’ into writing.</p> <p><b>Ian McEwan has stated that the real villains in his novel ‘Atonement’ are Lola and Paul Marshall. To what extent do you agree with this view? Remember to include in your answer detailed exploration of McEwan’s authorial methods.</b></p> <p><b><u>Week 6</u></b> Lesson 1 – End section/ significance/ Briony’s deterioration/ retribution Lesson 2 – Metafiction – authorial methods – How does McEwan use metafiction in the ending? Lesson 3 – Metafiction lesson 2 – Unreliable narrator – Briony Tallis or Ian McEwan? <b>Is it possible to atone for actions using words?</b> <b>We can never really know what has happened. How far do you agree?</b> <b>Is this Briony’s most terrible crime?</b></p>	
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<p>Retrieval of authorial methods (Bildungsroman/ anachronic) Quotation Retrieval (Part 3/ nursing focus)</p> <p><b><u>Week 8</u></b> Retrieval of key elements of crime Quotation Retrieval – Part 4 Penance/ retribution/ redemption</p>	<p><b><u>Week 7</u></b> Lesson 1 – Who is the REAL criminal? Focus on Lola, Paul, Briony, Emily – compare and contrast with key events and quotations. Fill lesson with oracy tasks Lesson 2 –Religious Imagery/ penance of nursing - Link to ‘Rime of the Ancient Mariner’ Lesson 3 – Planning : *SECTION C QUESTION* <b>In crime writing it is difficult to identify the true criminal. Explore the significance of the ways criminals are presented in two crime texts you have studied.</b></p> <p><b><u>Week 8</u></b> Lesson 1 – Motifs/ themes and symbols lesson – water/ heat/ writing/ Uncle Clem’s vase (prepare Be the Teacher if time allows) Lesson 2 – significance of war in the novel (Part 2 – Dunkirk) <b>How can war be seen as the main ‘criminal’ in Atonement? What is stolen from the characters by the war?</b> Lesson 3 – Metafiction/ The ending – <b>How does the ending reveal Briony’s ultimate crime? (Or is it McEwan’s?)</b></p>	
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Vocabulary  
 Archetypal villain punishment justice/ injustice  
 Morality conscience penance retribution  
 Motif restoration of social order  
 Unreliable narrator metafiction

Week	Key questions	Practice tasks
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• How does social class impact on the character of Robbie Turner? How is it a key aspect of the crime in the novel? Why is Robbie the immediate suspect?</li> <li>• What is an epigraph? What is its significance in this novel?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Incorporating contextual knowledge of class into <b>writing focus</b> on Robbie/ role in the novel as victim.</li> <li>• Analysis of epigraph/ paragraph answering 'Why did McEwan include this epigraph?'</li> <li>• Analysis of extract(s) focusing on Robbie – e.g. Part 1 – Fountain Scene/ dynamics of class/ Part 1 – dinner party/ Part 2 – Dunkirk/ soldier dynamics</li> </ul>
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• How far can we rely on Briony's narration of the novel? Do we, as a reader, trust her version of events?</li> <li>• 'Briony's crime has ultimately more impact on herself than on her perceived victims. This makes her search for forgiveness much more difficult.'</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In class writing based on extract from Part 1 – Briony's childhood narration</li> <li>• In class writing/ analysis of Part 3 – search for redemption through nursing</li> <li>• Analysis of religious imagery (incorporate into activity above)</li> </ul>
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• "Briony Tallis is merely a child with a tendency towards fantasy. She cannot be blamed for the crime she committed."</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In class – select evidence from Part 1 which suggests Briony's tendency towards fantasy – e.g. childhood bedroom/ rituals</li> <li>• Prepare for debate with focus on the crimes Briony commits throughout the novel (provide students with the most obvious)</li> </ul>

4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “Emily Tallis is a neglectful mother and she is to blame for the crime committed against Robbie Turner.”</li> <li>• What is Cecilia’s crime?</li> <li>• “True atonement for one’s crimes can never be achieved.”</li> <li>• Explore the significance of atoning for ones’ crimes as they are presented in two crime texts you have studied.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Analysis of Part 1 - Emily Tallis ‘monologue’ and the mother/daughter relationship. Does this suggest Briony’s crimes are a result of her upbringing?</li> <li>• Analysis of Cecilia – development of relationship with Robbie – resulting in focus on forgiveness.</li> <li>• Preparation for the HW question (atonement can never be achieved) by examining the ways in which Briony tries to atone. (Parts 3/4)</li> </ul>
5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What is a villain?</li> <li>• ‘Is the villain always easy to identify in the texts that you have studied?’</li> <li>• Ian McEwan has stated that the real villains in his novel ‘Atonement’ are Lola and Paul Marshall. To what extent do you agree with this view?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In class writing on ‘How is Paul Marshall presented as a villain?’ (select evidence to analyse from Part 1 – after the rape and Part 3 – Briony seeing them marry)</li> <li>• ‘Is the villain always easy to identify in the texts that you have studied?’ – in class preparation for HW essay. Students use a table to compare the villain in all 3 texts.</li> </ul>
6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Is it possible to atone for actions using words?</li> <li>• We can never really know what has happened. How far do you agree?</li> <li>• Is Briony’s biggest crime that of lying to the reader?</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Analyse the ending with the realisation that Briony is the narrator (unreliable)</li> <li>• In class writing – Is Briony’s crime that of lying to the reader?</li> <li>• In class discussion focusing on McEwan’s manipulation of the reader – is HE the real criminal?</li> </ul>
7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SECTION C QUESTION: In crime writing it is difficult to identify the true criminal. Explore the significance of the ways criminals are presented in two crime texts you have studied.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Who is the true criminal in each of the 3 texts? (In class discussion and writing based on Sheppard/ Poirot and Briony/ Paul Marshall and The Mariner and the supernatural)</li> <li>•</li> </ul>

8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• How can war be seen as the main 'criminal' in Atonement?</li><li>• What is stolen from the characters by the war?</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Analyse each of the characters who have had something taken away from them by the war – Cecilia and Robbie – love/ Briony – the chance to atone</li><li>• Answer (in class) 'What is stolen...?' in prep for the main HW question.</li></ul>
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