Key Knowledge/Prior Learning KS2/3 and Retrieval and Suggested Starters

- Calculations
- Substitution
- Solving equations
- Rearranging formula
- Classifying shapes
- Fractions of amounts


## KS3 National Curriculum - what students will be practicing and Key Questions

- Estimate, draw and measure angles
- Apply the properties of angles at a point, angles at a point on a straight line, vertically opposite angles (inc problem solving with a mixture of these).
- Derive and use the sum of angles in a triangle and use it to deduce the angle sum in any polygon, and to derive properties of regular polygons
- Calculate exterior angles of a polygon
- Calculate the number of sides of a polygon.
- Understand and use the relationship between parallel lines and alternate and corresponding angles
- Calculate bearings (including scales and scaled drawings)
- Locate a point given two bearings.


## Specific Ambitious Knowledge

- Interleaving of topics to include:
-Forming and solving equations
- Real map reading of the local area.
- Interior angles and sum of interior methods:

Exterior angles method
Triangles from the vertices
Triangles from the centre
Triangles from an interior point
(See Methods book for more info)

## Key Vocabulary/Literacy Opportunities

- Angle
- Turn
- Complementary
- Supplementary
- Acute, right, obtuse, reflex angles
- Scalene, isosceles, right, equilateral
- Vertically opposite
- Polygons
- Parallel
- Perpendicular
- Alternate
- Corresponding
- Co-interior
- Bearings
- Scale drawings
- Compass
- Direction
- North


## Key Formulae/Knowledge and Misconceptions

General Rules


Angles on parallel lines

## Corresponding Angles <br> 

## Alternate Angles



## Co-Interior Angles



## Sum of interior angles



## From the centre

From any one point P inside the polygon,
construct lines to the vertices.
There are altogether n triangles.
Sum of angles of each triangle $=180^{\circ}$

Please note that there is an angle at a point $=360^{\circ}$ around P containing angles which are not interior angles of the given polygon.

Sum of interior angles of n -sided polygon

$$
=n \times 180^{\circ}-360^{\circ}=(n-2) \times 180^{\circ}
$$



Exterior angles

## Exterior Angles

The sum of the exterior angles of any polygon is $360^{\circ}$.
The exterior angle of a regular n-sided polygon is $\frac{360^{\circ}}{n}$

$x+y+z=360^{\circ}$

$a+b+c+d=360^{\circ}$

Interior and exterior angles add to 180.
Exterior Angle


Bearings

## WHAT IS A BEARING?



## Maths in Context (Historical, Real Life and Student Thinking Points)

Orienteering

## Projects/Enrichment/Investigations

- Star polygons: https://nrich.maths.org/11456?utm source=secondary-map
- Superhero angles:
http://www.mathematicshed.com/uploads/1/2/5/7/12572836/superheroangles.pdf
- Map Investigations
- Orienteering tasks

Project Ideas:

