Meden School Curriculum Planning									
Subject	Drama	Year Group	9	Sequence No.	3	Topic	Page to Stage 2		

Retrieval	Core Knowledge	Student Thinking
What do teachers need retrieve from students before they start teaching new content ?	What specific ambitious knowledge do teachers need teach students in this sequence of learning?	What real life examples can be applied to this sequence of learning to development of our students thinking, encouraging them to see the inequalities around them and 'do something about them!'
Key Skills	Page to Stage – scripted performance of "DNA".	Peer Pressure – bullying.
	Students will participate in a range of workshops that will help to build upon their skills of vocal, physical and interpretative skills.	
Interpretative Skills		
Energy	For each rehearsal of DNA that they take part in students will set	
Focus on stage	themselves clear targets for improvement of their vocal, physical	
Reaction to other characters on stage	and interpretative skills.	
Interaction with other characters on stage	Students will interpret performance material, experimenting with skills and techniques.	
Character objectives	Performer reproducing existing performance material such as scripts and repertoire, e.g being prepared, warming up and cooling down, repetition and recall, learning dialogue, movement, learning blocking and stage directions, interpreting and	
Vocal skill	developing a character/role. Responding to direction.	
Pitch		
Pace	Vocal and musical skills relevant to the performance discipline,	
Tone	e.g. accent, breath control, characterisation, clarity and	
Volume	articulation, emotional range, expression, pace, pitch, projection	

Clarity	and remembering lines, rhythm, timing, tone, use of pause.	
Movement skill	Physical	
Pace		
Stillness	physical skills relevant to the performance discipline, e.g. actions,	
	accuracy, body language, characterisation, communication,	
Facial Expressions	energy, facial expression, flexibility, focus and control, gesture,	
, a coar any coordina	mannerism, movement memory, pace, projection,	
Use of gestures	reaction/interaction with others, stamina, spatial awareness.	
ose of gestares	reaction, interaction with others, stamma, spatial awareness.	
Entrances and exits on stage	Other performance and interpretative skills relevant to the	
Entrances and exits on stage	performance discipline, e.g., awareness of the performance space	
Sustaining a character on stage	and audience, emphasis, energy and commitment, facial	
Sustaining a character on stage	expression, focus, handling and use of props, interaction with and	
Reaction to other characters on	response to other performers, projection, stage presence.	
stage.	response to other performers, projection, stage presence.	
stage.	Communicating meaning of repertoire through: interpretation	
Character objectives	and realisation of creative intentions, demonstrating the	
Character objectives	appropriate style and influences, expressive use of voice and/or	
Character monologue	movement and/or design elements to communicate meaning to	
Character monologue	an audience.	
Mood and atmosphere	an addience.	
Placards	They will be given two scenes from DNA and will focus on	
	creating a naturalistic performance using Stanislavski's methods.	
Stage proxemics		
	character objectives	
Stage directions		
	the magic if, - this is off text work and asks the performers to	
Learning Lines	imagine their character in another situation and what would their	

character do in that given situation. This helps the performers to Stage space understand the who, what, where, why and when of their character and how to convey their characters reaction on stage Stage configurations through the vocal, physical skills. Energy and focus on stage emotional memory – this is when the performer tries to connect with their character by thinking about a time when for example in their lives that they might have experienced a specific emotion Role of director related to the character on stage. Movement skill given circumstances - this is the back story to the character and Pace performers need to know the who, what, where, why and when Stillness of their character in order to sustain their character successfully and believably on stage. **Key Techniques** Tempo-rhythm – this is the Freeze Frames **Thought Tracking** Students will rehearse a piece from page to stage and focus on setting targets in rehearsals to improve upon their performance Split Screen skills of voice, physicality and interpretative skills. Mime Montage **Direct Address** They will focus on the processes of rehearsing a script from Angel/devil technique blocking to refining skills to knowing their entrances/exits and Slow motion mime also to how to ensure that the fourth wall is not broken Marking the moment throughout a performance. Flash-back Students to keep a log book of each rehearsal and how they have Split Screen Thought-Tracking developed their vocal, physical and interpretative skills. In the log Direct Address book students are to add in key areas of success and areas that could be further improved.

Styles of theatre Health and safety. Behaviours and attitudes when working with others, such as: cooperation, being supportive, listening to others, punctuality, **Brechtian** consistency, commitment, reliability, being prepared, being **Physical Theatre** Naturalistic Theatre respectful of others' opinions and skills. Interpreting existing performance material such as scripts and repertoire. Interpretative Skills Reviewing and recording development of skills, techniques and progress in a logbook or portfolio. **Creative Intentions** Responding to peer feedback, absorbing and applying feedback and corrections. Exploring themes, ideas, styles or genres Students will keep an evaluation of their development of key skills to include: Review rehearsal processes Developing skills such as physical, vocal, musical, design and interpretative. Responding to feedback, e.g. director, instructors, peers. Identifying strengths and areas for development. Actions and targets for improvement. Reference to professional working practices. Use of terminology appropriate to the discipline/style of performance. Review performance/outcomes Applying skills such as physical, vocal, and interpretative.

Responding to audience feedback. Identifying strengths and areas for future development. Actions and targets for future performances. Reference to professional working practices. Use of terminology appropriate to the discipline/style of performance. Start of each lesson students will watch a short 5/10minute live theatre clip of the style of naturalism The students will be asked these questions about the clip 1) What key moment did you enjoy the most and why? 2) What moments can you use in your performance? 3) What key skills and techniques did you see being used in the performance?